but particularly the FBI, that wrongdoing is not covered up; that people who whistleblow aren't treated like a skunk at a picnic on a Sunday afternoon, that they are held up as somebody who ought to be honored rather than somebody who ought to be suppressed.

I want to make sure to mention that the comments I make about the FBI today, though, should in no way minimize the great sacrifices made every day by hard-working FBI agents and support personnel. These men and women serve their nation proudly. They deserve an organization that has integrity and credibility.

The FBI management system is broken. This does a real disservice to the hard-working agents on the street. When the FBI does what they are set up to do-to seek the truth and let the truth convict—they do their job right. But when there is an effort to cover up something that has gone wrong and people are more concerned about the headlines and the public relations of the organization as opposed to the fundamentals of law enforcement—that is, these cases and a lot of others I have already listed—that is when their agency gets in trouble and loses credit.

In regard to these agents who do their work and do it right and because of this management culture that must be changed by the new Director, I have asked the Attorney General to provide me with information regarding the extent to which the new FBI Director will be able to institute the departmentwide reforms and to make staffing changes, including changes at the senior staff and management level.

I believe that a new FBI Director will only have a certain period of timemaybe a couple of months—in which he can make real change. In order for the new Director to take advantage of that time, he must be afforded maximum flexibility for staffing and policy set-

I also agree that we have not done enough in Congress. I am not putting the blame just on the Department of Justice and the FBI. We have a constitutional responsibility of oversight. We spend all of our time legislating, giving speeches, passing laws, voting, and offering amendments. That is what most people think being a Congressman is all about. But also, once laws are passed, the checks and balances of our Constitution require that we do our constitutional job of oversight; that is, to see that the laws are faithfully executed and that money spent appropriated by Congress is spent within the intent of Congress and that the law is enforced within the intent of Congress.

Congress does not do a good enough job. For too long we have seen mishap after mishap occur, with the end result being more money and more jurisdiction for the FBI. The Director of the FBI comes up to Capitol Hill, everybody sees the Director of FBI, and they just melt. The Director of the FBI says a couple of mea culpas and walks out of here with a nice pat on the back, and probably a bigger appropriation.

That is not oversight. That is just business as usual. One way this can be improved is through the creation of a subcommittee within the Committee on the Judiciary that would be directly responsible for FBI oversight.

We need to help the FBI change the kind of culture that places image and publicity before basics and fundamentals. We need to help the FBI change the kind of culture that holds press conferences in high-profile cases before the investigation is complete and all the facts are in, and when all the facts are in, then the FBI has egg on its face.

Yes, the American people deserve the kind of agency that won't make the kind of mistakes the FBI has made in the Wen Ho Lee and the Atlantic Olympic bombing case, and the Waco case and the Ruby Ridge case. But, more importantly, the American people deserve an agency that is honest and forthright about their errors; in other words, very transparent.

As one of our Supreme Court Justices said 80 or 100 years ago, the best disinfectant is sunshine. Let the Sun shine in and there won't be mold. That is transparency. That is the way the American Government ought to oper-

I look forward to getting down to the business of helping the FBI and its next Director regain the trust and confidence of the American people.

I yield the floor. I thank the Presiding Officer for waiting for me to speak tonight.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 9 A.M. TOMORROW

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate stands adjourned until 9 a.m. tomorrow, Thursday, July 12, 2001.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 8:23 p.m., adjourned until Thursday, July 12, 2001, at 9 a.m.

NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate July 10, 2001:

THE JUDICIARY

JAMES E. GRITZNER, OF IOWA, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF IOWA, VICE CHARLES R. WOLLE, RETIRED.

MICHAEL J. MELLOY, OF IOWA, TO BE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT JUDGE FOR THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT, VICE GEORGE G. FAGG. RETIRED.

MILLS, OF MISSISSIPPI, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPL VICE NEAL B BIGGERS RETIRED

CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate July 11, 2001:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

PIERRE-RICHARD PROSPER, OF CALIFORNIA, TO BE AM-BASSADOR AT LARGE FOR WAR CRIMES ISSUES

CHARLES J. SWINDELLS, OF ORBGON, TO BE AMBAS-SADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO NEW ZEALAND, AND TO SERVE CONCURRENTLY AND WITHOUT ADDI-TIONAL COMPENSATION AS AMBASSADOR EXTRAOR-DINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO SAMOA.

MARGARET DEBARDELEBEN TUTWILER, OF ALABAMA, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENI-POTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE KINGDOM OF MOROCCO.

WENDY JEAN CHAMBERLIN, OF VIRGINIA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF MINISTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAOR-DINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES

DINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA TO THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF PAKISTAN.
WILLIAM S. FARISH, OF TEXAS, TO BE AMBASSADOR
EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.
FRANCIS XAVIER TAYLOR, OF MARYLAND, TO BE COOR-

DINATOR FOR COUNTERTERRORISM, WITH THE RANK

AND STATUS OF AMBASSADOR AT LARGE.
ROBERT D. BLACKWILL, OF KANSAS, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO INDIA.

ANTHONY HORACE GIOIA, OF NEW YORK, TO BE AMBAS-SADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE REPUBLIC OF

HOWARD H. LEACH, OF CALIFORNIA, TO BE AMBAS-SADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO FRANCE.

WILLIAM A. EATON, OF VIRGINIA, A CAREER MEMBER F THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF MINISTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE

COUNSELOR, TO BE ASSISTANT (ADMINISTRATION).

ALEXANDER R. VERSHBOW, OF THE DISTRICT OF CO-LUMBIA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF CAREER MINISTER, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE RUSSIAN FED-

ERATION.
CLARK T. RANDT, JR., OF CONNECTICUT, TO BE AMBAS-SADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY HE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE PEOPLE'S RE-PUBLIC OF CHINA.

C. DAVID WELCH, OF VIRGINIA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF MINISTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

PLEAIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT.

DOUGLAS ALAN HARTWICK, OF WASHINGTON, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF MINISTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC.

DANIEL C. KURTZER, OF MARYLAND, A CAREER MEM-

BER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF CA-REER MINISTER, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO ISRAEL.

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

AY COLES JAMES, OF VIRGINIA, TO BE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT.

FEDERAL LABOR RELATIONS AUTHORITY

OTHONEIL ARMENDARIZ, OF TEXAS, TO BE A MEMBER THE FEDERAL LABOR RELATIONS AUTHORITY FOR A TERM OF FIVE YEARS EXPIRING JULY 1, 2005

THE ABOVE NOMINATIONS WERE APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE NOMINEES COMMITMENT TO RESPOND TO REQUESTS TO APPEAR AND TESTIFY BEFORE ANY DULY CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE.

FOREIGN SERVICE

FOREIGN SERVICE NOMINATIONS BEGINNING STEPHEN K. MORRISON, AND ENDING JOSEPH LAURENCE WRIGHT II, WHICH NOMINATIONS WERE RECEIVED BY THE SENATE AND APPEARED IN THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD ON JUNE 12, 2001.